Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Pegamat RL Isole Aerosol

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Pegamat RL Isole Aerosol
Product description	: Aerosol. Paint
Product type	: Aerosol.
UFI	: DSF0-608A-300H-M09X

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses			
Consumer Industrial Professional			
Uses advised against Reason			

None identified.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

RUST-OLEUM EUROPE Martin Mathys NV, Kolenbergstraat 23, B-3545 Zelem, Belgium Telephone no.: +32 (0) 13 460 200 Fax no.: +32 (0) 13 460 201

Tor Coatings Limited Unit 21, White Rose Way, Follingsby Park, Gateshead, Tyne & Wear, NE10 8YX United Kingdom Telephone no.: +44 (0) 191 4106611 Fax no.: +44 (0) 191 4920125 enquiries@tor-coatings.com

e-mail address of person : rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu responsible for this SDS

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre		
<u>Supplier</u>		
Telephone number United Kingdom: Great Britain	: +44 870 8200418 / +44 2038073798	
Hours of operation	: 24/7	

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Lact., H362 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children.</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	<ul> <li>P102 - Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> </ul>
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P263 - Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.</li> <li>P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> </ul>
Response	: P391 - Collect spillage.
Storage	: P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9 acetone alkanes, C14-17, chloro
Supplemental label elements	: EUH211 - Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Supplemental label elements : Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006	: Not applicable.

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

 Annex XVII - Restrictions
 : Not applicable.

 on the manufacture,
 placing on the market and

 placing on the market and
 use of certain dangerous

 substances, mixtures and
 articles

 Special packaging requirements
 Containers to be fitted

 with child-resistant
 : Not applicable.

 fastenings
 Tactile warning of danger
 : Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

This mixture contains substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB, refer to Section 3.2.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### : Mixture

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Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
butane	EC: 203-448-7 CAS: 106-97-8	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280	-	[2]
hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9	REACH #: 01-2119471305-42 CAS: 64741-66-8 List #: 921-728-3	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Alkanes, C11-15-iso-	REACH #: 01-2119456810-40 List #: 920-901-0	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	-	[1]
hydrocarbons, C11-C12, iso-alkanes, <2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119472146-39 List #: 918-167-1	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	-	[1]
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	REACH #: 01-2119565150-48 EC: 254-052-6 CAS: 38640-62-9	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	REACH #: 01-2119519269-33 EC: 287-477-0	≤1		M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [3] [4]
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Pegamat RL Isole Aerosol

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

 	 5	
CAS: 85535-85-9 Index: 602-095-00-X	H410 EUH066	
	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

List numbers have no legal significance.

This mixture contains  $\geq$  1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
4.2 Most important symptom Over-exposure signs/symp	ns and effects, both acute and delayed toms

Eye contact		mptoms may include the ation	e following:			
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## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	ron	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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## Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. Additional information : Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful

to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

# Danger criteriaCategoryNotification and MAPP<br/>thresholdSafety report thresholdP3a150 tonne500 tonneE2200 tonne500 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

#### Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

#### **United Kingdom: Great Britain**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
butane	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 1810 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1450 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.
acetone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 3620 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9	DNEL	Long term Dermal	773 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2035 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	699 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	608 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	699 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
acetone	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1210 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2420 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	DNEL	Long term Oral	2,1 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2,1 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7,4 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4,3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic

#### **PNECs**

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
titanium dioxide	Fresh water	0,127 mg/l	-
	Marine	>1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	>100 mg/l	-
	Plant	Ū	
	Fresh water sediment	>1000 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	>100 mg/kg	-
	Soil	100 mg/kg	-
	Marine water	0,0184 mg/l	-
	Fresh water	0,184 mg/l	-
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	Sewage Treatment	0,15 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water	0,26 µg/l	-
	Marine	0,026 µg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0,94 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0,094 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0,19 mg/kg dwt	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
es	
:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
•	<del>9</del> 5 :

#### Skin protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber (0.5mm), polyethylene (PE), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type AX) and particulate filter (EN 141).
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Colour	: Liquid. [Aerosol.] : White.
Odour	: Ketone-like
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
propane	-161,48	-258,7	Literature	
Flammability (solid, gas)	flames, sparks Slightly flamma	and static discharge	f the following materials o and heat. of the following materials	
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: 2% Upper: 12%			
Flash point Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature	Closed cup: -70 Not available. Not available.	0°C (-94°F) [Literatur	e]	
pH pH : Justification	: Not applicable. : Product is non-	soluble (in water).		
Viscosity Solubility(ies)	: Not available.			

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### Not available.

Solubility in water	Not available.	
Miscible with water	No.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	400 kPa (3000 mm Hg) [calculated.]	
Evaporation rate	>1 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Relative density	Not available.	
Density	0,73 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [DIN 53217]	
Vapour density	>1 [Air = 1]	
Explosive properties	<ul><li>Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.</li><li>Slightly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: shocks and mechanical impacts.</li><li>Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.</li></ul>	
Oxidising properties	Not available.	
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	Not applicable.	
9.2 Other information		
Heat of combustion	21,1 kJ/g	
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	Spray	
SECTION 10: Stability a	d reactivity	

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 <u>Acute toxicity</u>

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
acetone	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	>7400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>7400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Alkanes, C11-15-iso-	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	8 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	5,64 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>4500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>4000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	1	-	-
acetone (bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	Skin - Erythema/Eschar Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Cornea opacity Skin - Oedema	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit	1 - 0 0	- 20 mg - -	- - -

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: Causes skin irritation.
Eyes	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9	Respiratory	Rat	Not sensitizing
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory Mutagenicity

**Product/ingredient name** Test Experiment Result hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, **OECD 471** Subject: Bacteria Negative C7-C9 (bis(isopropyl)naphthalene) **OECD 471** Negative Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria OECD 473+476 Experiment: In vitro Negative Subject: Mammalian-Animal

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	Negative - Route of exposure unreported - TD	Rat	-	-

## Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9	Negative	Negative	Negative	Rat	Oral	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause harm to breast-fed children.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9	Category 3		Narcotic effects
acetone	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Alkanes, C11-15-iso-	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
hydrocarbons, C11-C12, iso-alkanes, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation. Routes of entry not anticipated: Oral.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	;	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

# Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Short term exposure Potential immediate : Not available. effects : Not available. Potential delayed effects : Not available. Long term exposure : Not available.

Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	

#### Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name Result		Species	Dose	Exposure
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	Chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat	170 mg/kg	6 months
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Reproductive toxicity	: May cause harm to breast-fed children.			

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

**11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties** 

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9	Acute EC50 29 mg/l Algae - pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		72 hours
	Acute EC50 2,4 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18,4 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 6,3 mg/l	Algae - pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,17 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	21 days
acetone	Acute LC50 8098000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7280000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,5 ml/L Marine water	Algae - Karenia brevis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
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	Chronic NOEC 1 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus -	42 days
		Larvae	_
Alkanes, C11-15-iso-	Acute LC50 >2000 mg/l	Fish	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >2500 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LOAEL >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 1000 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata	
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	21 days
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	Acute EC10 >0,15 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC10 >0,16 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
	Acute LC10 >0,5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC >0,013 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	21 days

**Conclusion/Summary** : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9	-	22 % - 28 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	nary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.			

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.					
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability		
hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9	-	-	Inherent		
acetone Alkanes, C11-15-iso- hydrocarbons, C11-C12, iso-	- - -	- - -	Readily Inherent Inherent		
alkanes, <2% aromatics (bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	Fresh water 2,5 days, 20°C	>70%; < 28 day(s)	Readily		

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9	4.3 to 5.1	10 to 2500	high
acetone Alkanes, C11-15-iso- (bis(isopropyl)naphthalene) alkanes, C14-17, chloro	-0,23 >5 6,081 4.7 to 8.3	- >100 1800 to 6400 -	low low high high

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K <sub>oc</sub> )	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
Alkanes, C11-15-iso-	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
hydrocarbons, C11-C12, iso- alkanes, <2% aromatics	No	N/A	N/A	Νο	N/A	N/A	N/A
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified	Specified	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
European waste catalog	ue (FWC)

European waste outding	
Waste code	Waste designation

20 01 27*	paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing hazardous substances

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable. Marine pollutant (hydrocarbons, isoalkanes, C7-C9)	AEROSOLS, flammable
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)			2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	II

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SECTION 14: Transport information				
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Limited quantity</u> : ≤ 1L <u>Tunnel code</u> (D)	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-D, S-U <u>Remarks</u> : ≤ 1L: Limited Quantity - IMDG 3.4	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <b>Quantity limitation</b> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203 . Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203.

14.6 Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk	÷	Not available.

	· Not available.
according to IMO	
instruments	

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Other EU regulations

VOC	:				
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Exempt				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Listed				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed				
National regulations					
United Kingdom: Great Brit	t <u>ain</u>				
<u>UK (GB) /REACH</u>					
Annex XIV - List of substan	ces subject to	authorisation			
Annex XIV					
None of the components are listed.					
Substances of very high o	<u>:oncern</u>				
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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances Not listed.

**Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

**Aerosol dispensers** 



#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### Danger criteria

Category P3a

E2

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

#### International regulations

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

List name	Ingredient name	Status
Not listed.		

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

List name		Ingredient name	Status
Not listed.			
CN code	: 3208 10 90 00		

## Inventory list

Australia	:	At least one component is not listed.
Canada	:	At least one component is not listed.
China	1	All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Eurasian Economic Union</b>	1	Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	1	Not determined.
Philippines	1	At least one component is not listed.
Republic of Korea	1	Not determined.
Taiwan	;	Not determined.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information		
Thailand	: Not determined.	
Turkey	: Not determined.	
United States	: Not determined.	
Viet Nam	: Not determined.	
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.	

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration</li> </ul>
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Lact., H362	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

United Kingdom: O	<u> Great Britain</u>
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Full text of abbreviated H : statements	H220 H222, H229 H225 H226 H280 H304 H315 H319 H336 H362	Extremely flammable gas. Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause harm to breast-fed children.
	H362 H400	May cause harm to breast-fed children. Very toxic to aquatic life.
	H410 H411	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Pegamat RL Isole Aerosol

SECTION 16: Other information			
Full text of classifications	:	Aerosol 1	AEROSOLS - Category 1
[CLP/GHS]		Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
		Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
		Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
		Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
		Flam. Gas 1A	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1A
		Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		Lact.	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Effects on or via lactation
		Press. Gas (Liq.)	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas
		Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
		STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
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Notice to reader			

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates. Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.